Towards a French Nuclear Phase-Out?

New Directions in the Energy Debate

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Nuclear Energy Conference 2015

Europe without nuclear - What does Europe's energy future look like?

19th May 2015

Redoutensäle in Promenadenhof

Linz - Upper Austria

WISE-Paris: committed to independent expertise

- Information and consultancy independent agency created in 1983
- Non profit status and general interest goal
- A service to institutional players, academics, NGOs, medias...
- A large but intrinsically consistent range of issues covered

Nuclear Energy strategy, risks, economy...

Energy
Systems
electricity,
other energies...

Policy & Scenarios sustainability, climate, transition.

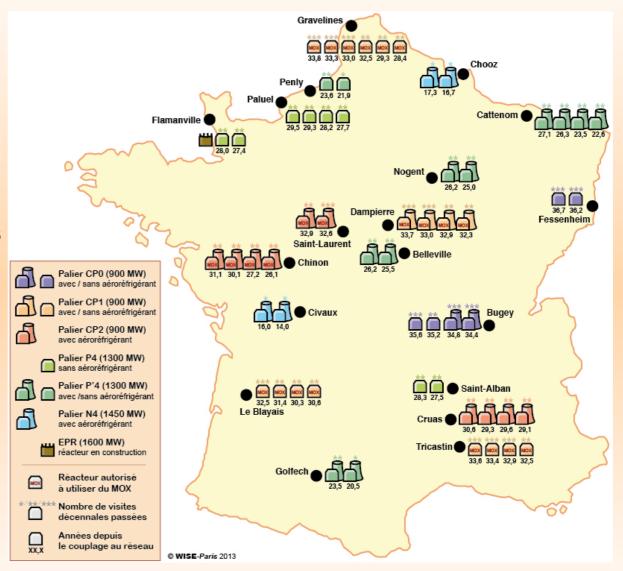
Information & Participation assessment, decision, control..

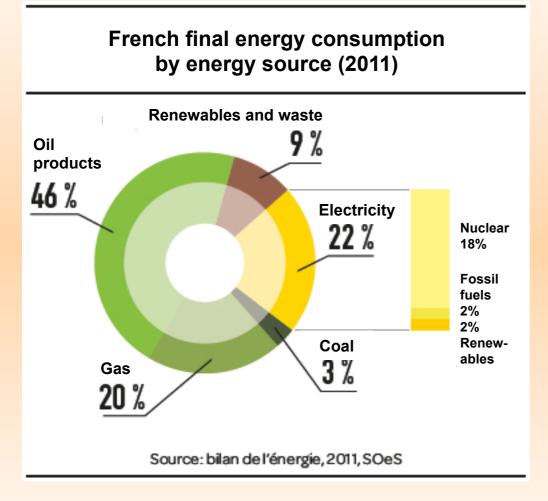
- Systemic analysis of issues, international approach
- Non institutional but professionnal expertise
- Critical thinking but no activist activities
- Strong commitment to developing pluralist expertise

Note than since the early 1990s WISE-Paris has no tie with any other WISE organisation

French nuclear programme

- 58 reactors on 19 sites
- A single operator EDF (84.5% State-owned)
- An integrated fuel and reactors service company – AREVA (83.2% State-owned)
- A much standardized fleet (all PWRs, 6 standards) :
 - 34 units / 3 standards 900 MWe
 - 20 units / 2 standards 1.300 MWe
 - 4 units / 1 standard 1.450 MWe (plus EPR under construction)



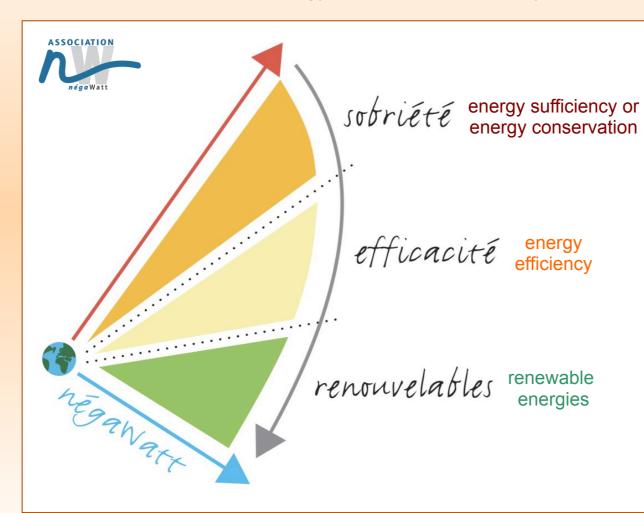


French energy status

- Around 70% dependency on (imported) fossil fuels National energy bill close to €60-70bn/a
- GHG emissions roughly 4 times the world sustainable level
 objective of 4-fold cut by 2050
- Electricity up to 80% dependent on nuclear power, with an ageing reactors fleet (average >30 years)

plus a broader need to renovate and replace ageing energy infrastructures

négaWatt scenario: an independent work published in 2011 by a group of experts Explore the potential for energy transition in France by 2050 based on the négaWatt approach



Three-steps intelligence:

1. On end-uses

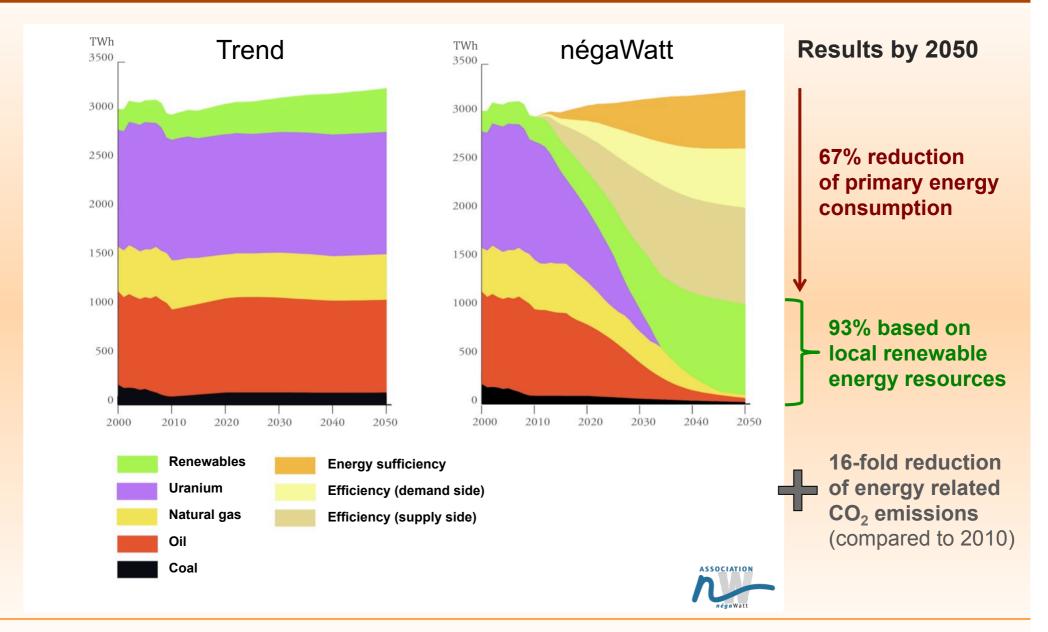
Prioritize individual & collective use of energy for real **energy services**

2. On equipments

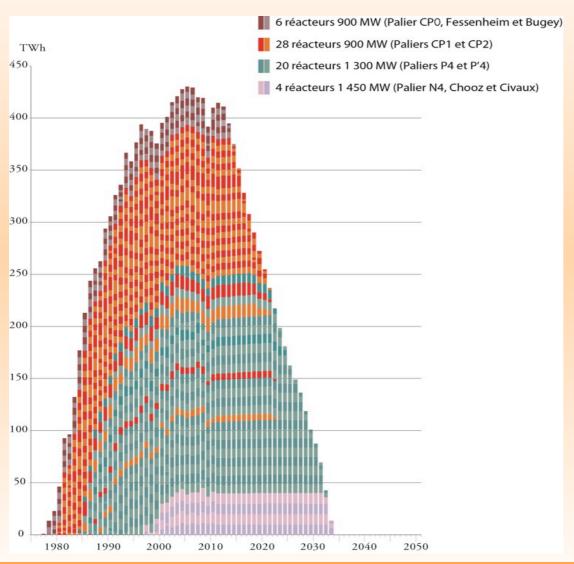
Increase the efficiency of energy "chains" through technical improvements

3. On resources

Subtistute "flow-based" energies to "stock-based" ones (fissil and fossils)



Nuclear phase-out in 22 years



- Step-by-step implementation
- No extension after 40 years
- No start of EPR (Flam-3)

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2011-2017
3 500 MW / year
2018-2027
2 500 MW / year
2028-2033
4 500 MW / year
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A multi-years political process:

From Fukushima to May 2012 Presidential elections

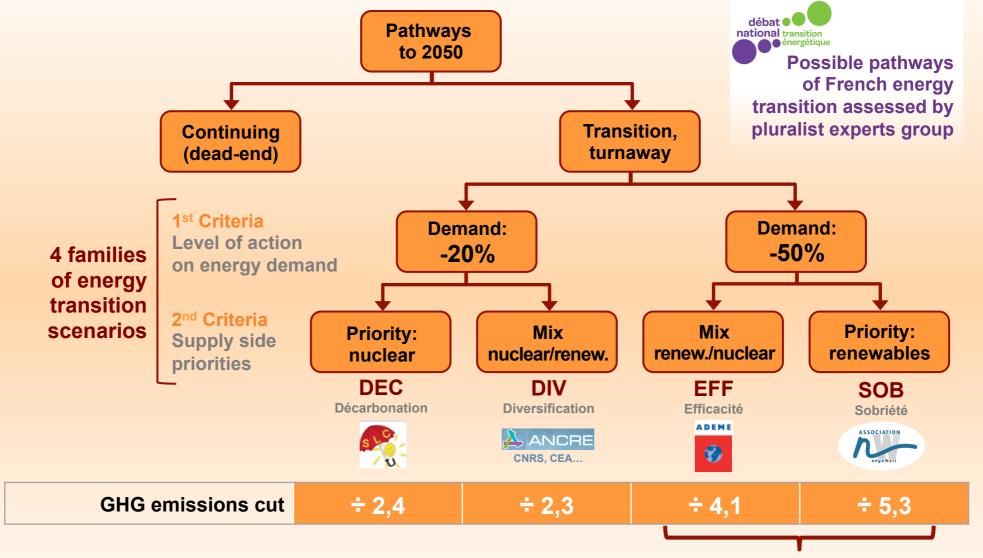
- Some political leaders moving after Fukushima catastrophy
- Hollande introduces the objective of 50% nuclear by 2025
- Strong symbolic move: Hollande during the campaign calls for phasing out "double dependency" on oil and nuclear



From the elections to an Energy Transition Bill

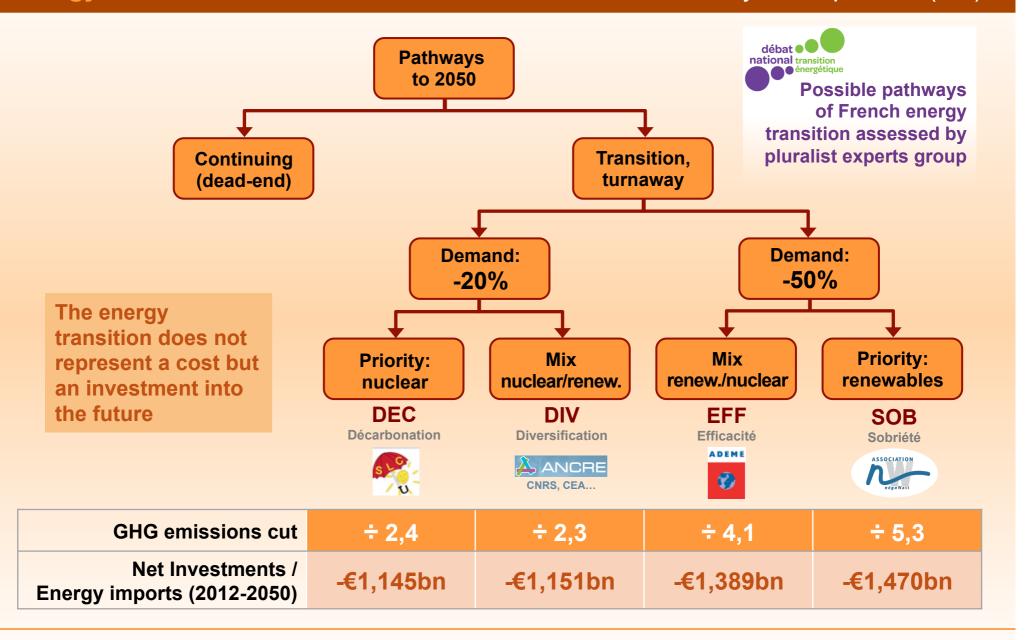
- Large national and decentralized debate on energy transation from Dec. 2012 to July 2013
- Draft Energy Transition bill presented to Parliament July 2014
- Final law to be passed June 2015



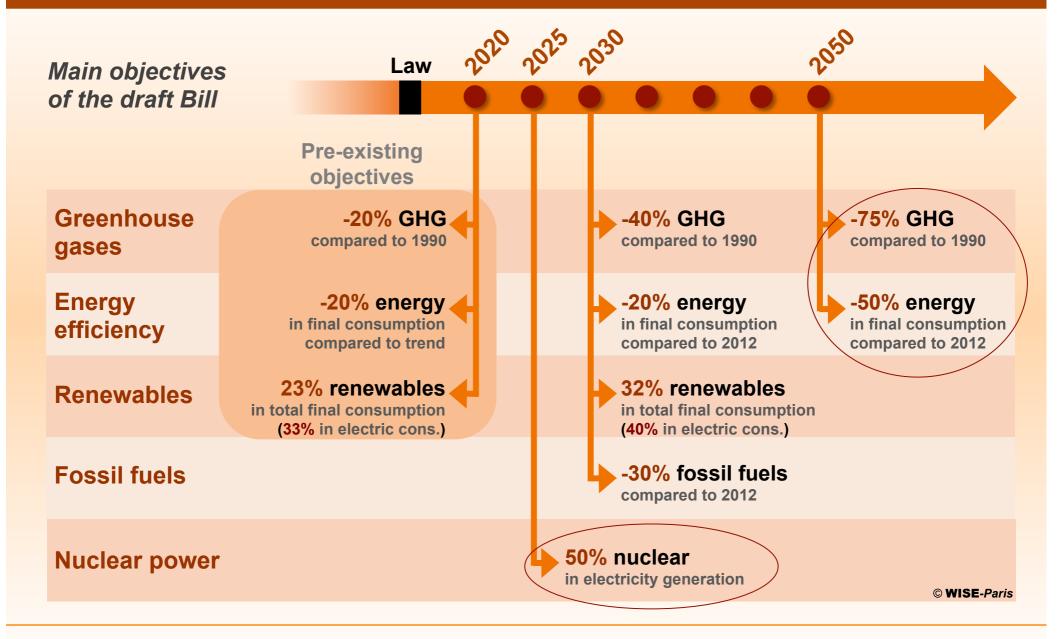


Needs 2-fold reduction of energy demand to meet 4-fold reduction of GHG emissions

Pathways Comparison (2/2)

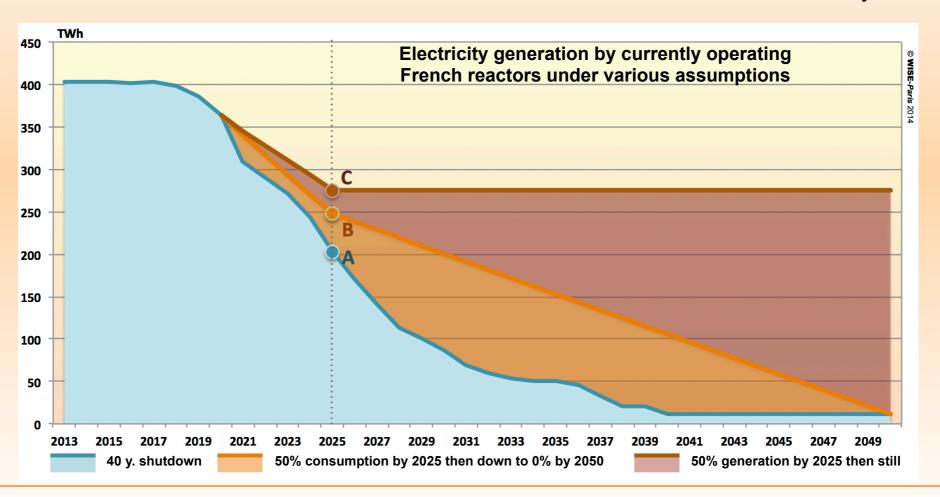


Interim & Long Term Objectives



50% by 2025 is a very constrained trajectory

- Assuming flat electricity consumption, objective means some 20 reactors shut-down
- Yet this is less than the number that should shut down if no extension after 40 years



From 75% to 50% nuclear in 2025?

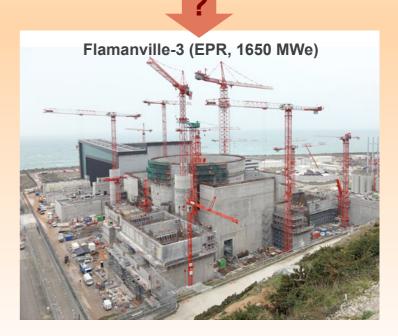
No clear framework for reactors shutdown:

- Commitment on Fessenheim-1 & 2 by 2016
- No real action taken yet for this to happen
- No mechanism for the Government to impose shutdowns to EDF
- Only a 63.2 GW cap (current existing capacity)
- "Pluriannual energy planning" + EDF should decide
- A public inquiry will be needed for a reactor to get license extension beyond 40 years

No clear vision of the direction after 2025:

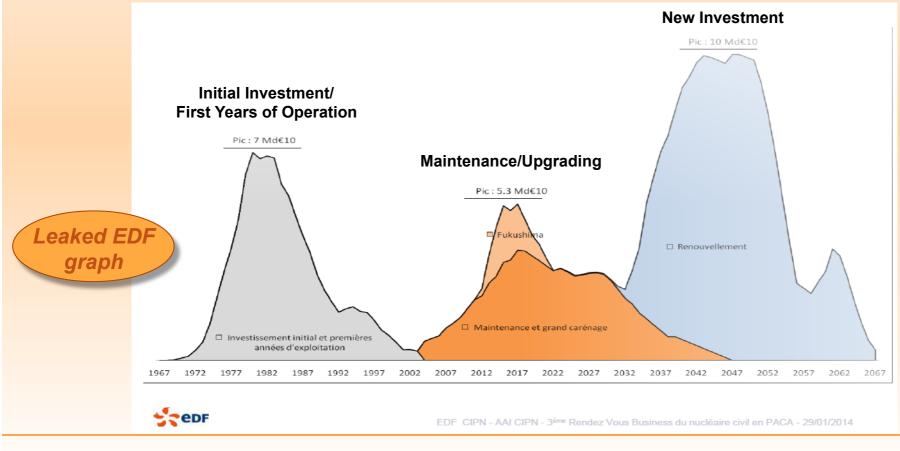
- Nothing said about nuclear power after 2025
- The Government is neither aiming for phase-out...
- ...nor is ready to speak about new reactors





Focus: investments needed to maintain EDF reactors

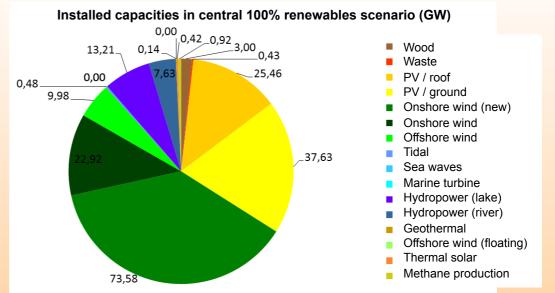
- Court of Accounts: €110bn at least ahead for reinforcing safety and extending lifetime Highly challenging industrial and financial programme out of EDF's real capacity
- Even greater costs to replace existing reactors by EPRs on the longer term

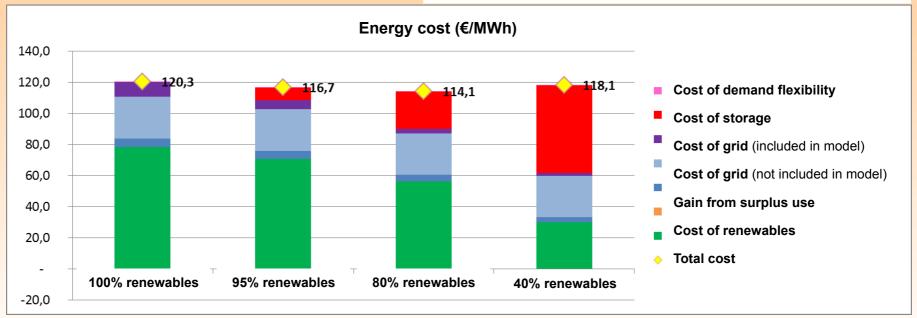


New official study:

(by French Energy management agency)

- 100% renewable electricity by 2050 is realistic and affordable (same cost as 40% plus nuclear)
- Study completed in April 2015
 Government tried to push back publication but the study leaked





Thank you for your attention

More information:



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